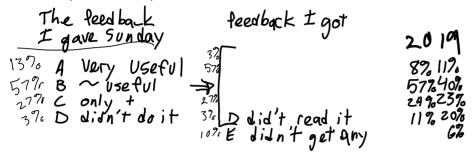
07 Process and sketching

Wednesday, January 30, 2019 1:38 PM

Today

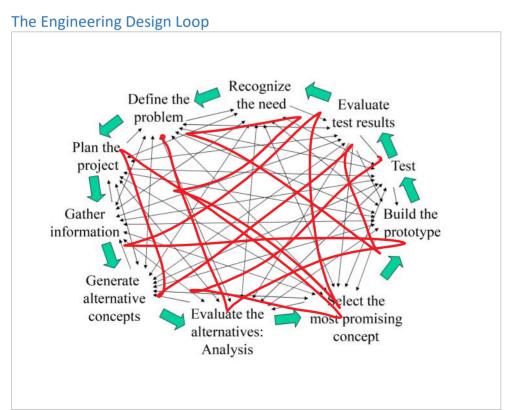
Design process, ideal vs reality Sketching and process

Read your last week post comments now!



Need a volunteer to collect attendance signups next week and 2nd Monday: Feb 3 - Feb 12. Scan and email to Behruz.

Design Process: Ideal vs Real



http://itll.colorado.edu/images/uploads/courses_workshops/geen1400/textbook/ch03the_design_loop.pdf

Works for the scientific process, the teaching process, the learning process. Any iterative process that humans do

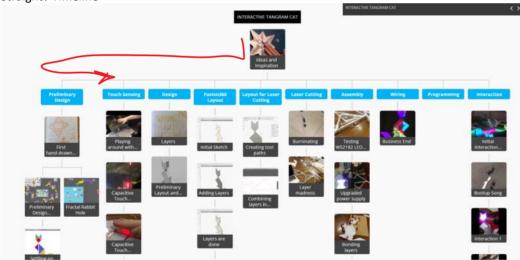
Is clean in concept, messy in reality

Other representations

Build In Progress, design documentation platform by $\underline{\text{Tiffany Tseng}}$

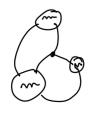


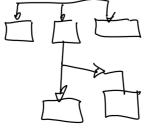
Straight? Timeline



In your sketchbook, draw a representation of a design process you experienced recently. (Include this compared to your Upcycle process in your final Upcycle post)









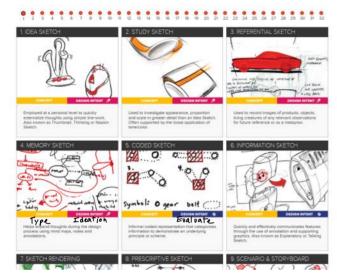


Each stage requires different sketches/drawings

Industrial design calls for specific types of sketches: http://www.idsa.org/education/what-is-industrial-design

How They Do It ...

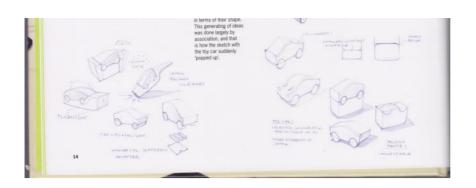
IDSA = Industrial Designers Society of America



IDEATION

Steur, Roselien, and Koos Eissen. Sketching: The Basics. Amsterdam: BIS Publishers, 2011.









Presentation

Presentation
Sketches and drawings can be used for presentation during several stages of design. Presentations can be in-house, among designers that work together, or externally. In each case different issues may be important.

A client, such as a producer outsourcing the design of his products, has of course knowledge of his field of products, his market and the technical details, and may want to compare the design with existing products and production techniques.

A professional from outside the product A professional from outside the product field or design, such as a sponsor, manager or user, requires other aspects of the drawings. He or she is usually unaware and not interested in the underlying technical details of the design, and may wish to have a clear and inspiring image of what the implications are of this product on a person's daily life.



Design case chapter 4 Idea Dao Design



Design case chapter 1 FLEX/the INNOVATIONLAB®



Design case chapter 1 TurnKey Design

Pitch / Contest

A pitch or contest requires a specific type of presentation. During a pitch your idea should look its very best and reveal the context of the design. A pitch takes place with competitors, and your goal is to get the assignment or win the contest. So when pitching together with other designers, make sure your drawings tempt and convince the viewer.



Tesign case chapter 1

Detailing
In this phase, all details are decided upon, such as the exact surface finish and size of a product. Sevaral close-up drawings may be required, in combination with side views and perspectives. A variety of drawings usually works best to visualise both detail and its impact on the product as a whole.

Design and Communication
From the developed concepts, one
final idea is chosen. This idea is further
developed for realisation. In this phase
details are being decided upon, engineering
is done, and production is being prepared.

Problems are met, solved, optimised and communicated with various parties. An ideal situation would be for the designer to use the same drawings for design as for



Temps case chapter 1

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Shape Optimisation

Shape Optimisation
Since an idea is never 'ready', a drawing
is a good tool for developing something
further in a short time, as sketches can be
made quickly and suggestively. By using
a technical drawing from engineering or a
photo of an existing product as an underlay,
you can quickly generate variations in
shape. Pictures taken from a (foam) model
will do the job as well.

In any case, if the proportions of the shape allow, it is worthwhile to make an underlay, side views and perspective, and take time to optimise the object's form, as the emotional aspect of the product is often dependent on this.



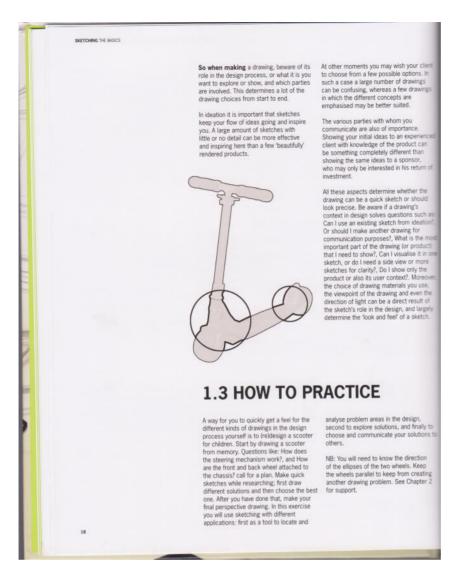
Seeign case chapter 4

Pre-Engineering

Pre-Engineering
When communicating with construction
engineers just before the actual engineering
begins, so called 'pre-engineering sketches'
are made. These can be principle sketches
of (partial) technical solutions, possibly
made during an engineering meeting.
Rough side wive technical drawings and
exploded views are commonly used
drawings in this phase. Exploded views
show components in relation to each
other, and can give direction in assembly
methods. Pure product information is
important during this phase.

During the communication process, the different parties require specific drawings, showing different aspects of the product. Here you will find the use of underlays such as CAD drawings, renderings, and pictures of (foam) models very effective.

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"Thinking with a Pencil"

Hard if you don't have a clear vision.

Start with Simple shapes: lines, squares, circles, ellipses.

Draw BIG (Chalkboards, white boards) and small (your notebooks, doodles)

Praw from models, things around you

Maybe start 2-D

Nelms, Henning. Thinking with a Pencil. Berkeley, Calif: Ten Speed Press, 1986.